

# NAG C Library Function Document

## nag\_zgebak (f08nwc)

### 1 Purpose

nag\_zgebak (f08nwc) transforms eigenvectors of a balanced matrix to those of the original complex general matrix.

### 2 Specification

```
void nag_zgebak (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_JobType job, Nag_SideType side, Integer n,
                Integer ilo, Integer ihi, const double scale[], Integer m, Complex v[],
                Integer pdv, NagError *fail)
```

### 3 Description

nag\_zgebak (f08nwc) is intended to be used after a complex general matrix  $A$  has been balanced by nag\_zgebal (f08nvc), and eigenvectors of the balanced matrix  $A''_{22}$  have subsequently been computed.

For a description of balancing, see the document for nag\_zgebal (f08nvc). The balanced matrix  $A''$  is obtained as  $A'' = DPAP^T D^{-1}$ , where  $P$  is a permutation matrix and  $D$  is a diagonal scaling matrix. This function transforms left or right eigenvectors as follows:

if  $x$  is a right eigenvector of  $A''$ ,  $P^T D^{-1}x$  is a right eigenvector of  $A$ ;

if  $y$  is a left eigenvector of  $A''$ ,  $P^T Dy$  is a left eigenvector of  $A$ ;

### 4 References

None.

### 5 Parameters

- 1: **order** – Nag\_OrderType *Input*  
*On entry:* the **order** parameter specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order = Nag\_RowMajor**. See Section 2.2.1.4 of the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this parameter.  
*Constraint:* **order = Nag\_RowMajor** or **Nag\_ColMajor**.
- 2: **job** – Nag\_JobType *Input*  
*On entry:* this **must** be the same parameter **job** as supplied to nag\_zgebal (f08nvc).  
*Constraint:* **job = Nag\_DoNothing**, **Nag\_Permute**, **Nag\_Scale** or **Nag\_DoBoth**.
- 3: **side** – Nag\_SideType *Input*  
*On entry:* indicates whether left or right eigenvectors are to be transformed, as follows:  
 if **side = Nag\_LeftSide**, left eigenvectors are transformed;  
 if **side = Nag\_RightSide**, right eigenvectors are transformed.  
*Constraint:* **side = Nag\_LeftSide** or **Nag\_RightSide**.

- 4: **n** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:*  $n$ , the number of rows of the matrix of eigenvectors.  
*Constraint:*  $n \geq 0$ .
- 5: **ilo** – Integer *Input*  
6: **ihi** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* the values  $i_{lo}$  and  $i_{hi}$ , as returned by nag\_zgebal (f08nvc).  
*Constraints:*  
if  $n > 0$ ,  $1 \leq ilo \leq ihi \leq n$ ;  
if  $n = 0$ ,  $ilo = 1$  and  $ihi = 0$ .
- 7: **scale**[*dim*] – const double *Input*  
**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **scale** must be at least  $\max(1, n)$ .  
*On entry:* details of the permutations and/or the scaling factors used to balance the original complex general matrix, as returned by nag\_zgebal (f08nvc).
- 8: **m** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:*  $m$ , the number of columns of the matrix of eigenvectors.  
*Constraint:*  $m \geq 0$ .
- 9: **v**[*dim*] – Complex *Input/Output*  
**Note:** the dimension, *dim*, of the array **v** must be at least  $\max(1, pdv \times m)$  when **order** = **Nag\_ColMajor** and at least  $\max(1, pdv \times n)$  when **order** = **Nag\_RowMajor**.  
If **order** = **Nag\_ColMajor**, the  $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix  $V$  is stored in  $v[(j-1) \times pdv + i - 1]$  and if **order** = **Nag\_RowMajor**, the  $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix  $V$  is stored in  $v[(i-1) \times pdv + j - 1]$ .  
*On entry:* the matrix of left or right eigenvectors to be transformed.  
*On exit:* the transformed eigenvectors.
- 10: **pdv** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* the stride separating matrix row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **v**.  
*Constraints:*  
if **order** = **Nag\_ColMajor**,  $pdv \geq \max(1, n)$ ;  
if **order** = **Nag\_RowMajor**,  $pdv \geq \max(1, m)$ .
- 11: **fail** – NagError \* *Output*  
The NAG error parameter (see the Essential Introduction).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

### NE\_INT

On entry, **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
Constraint:  $n \geq 0$ .

On entry, **m** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
Constraint:  $m \geq 0$ .

On entry, **pdv** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
Constraint:  $pdv > 0$ .

**NE\_INT\_2**

On entry, **pdv** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **pdv**  $\geq$  max(1, **n**).

On entry, **pdv** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **m** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: **pdv**  $\geq$  max(1, **m**).

**NE\_INT\_3**

On entry, **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **ilo** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **ihi** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint: if **n** > 0,  $1 \leq \mathbf{ilo} \leq \mathbf{ihi} \leq \mathbf{n}$ ;

if **n** = 0, **ilo** = 1 and **ihi** = 0.

**NE\_ALLOC\_FAIL**

Memory allocation failed.

**NE\_BAD\_PARAM**

On entry, parameter  $\langle value \rangle$  had an illegal value.

**NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR**

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please consult NAG for assistance.

## 7 Accuracy

The errors are negligible.

## 8 Further Comments

The total number of real floating-point operations is approximately proportional to  $nm$ .

The real analogue of this function is nag\_dgebak (f08njc).

## 9 Example

See Section 9 of the document for nag\_zgebal (f08nvc).

---